

# DATA SHEET

**74LV164**

8-bit serial-in/parallel-out shift register

Product specification  
Supersedes data of 1997 Mar 28  
IC24 Data Handbook

1998 May 07

## 8-bit serial-in/parallel-out shift register

## 74LV164

## FEATURES

- Wide operating voltage: 1.0 to 5.5V
- Optimized for Low Voltage applications: 1.0 to 3.6V
- Accepts TTL input levels between  $V_{CC} = 2.7V$  and  $V_{CC} = 3.6V$
- Typical  $V_{OLP}$  (output ground bounce)  $< 0.8V$  @  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ,  $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$
- Typical  $V_{OHV}$  (output  $V_{OH}$  undershoot)  $> 2V$  @  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ,  $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$
- Gated serial data inputs
- Asynchronous master reset
- Output capability: standard
- $I_{CC}$  category: MSI

## DESCRIPTION

The 74LV164 is a low-voltage Si-gate CMOS device and is pin and function compatible with the 74HC/HCT164.

The 74LV164 is an 8-bit edge-triggered shift register with serial data entry and an output from each of the eight stages. Data is entered serially through one of two inputs ( $D_{sa}$  or  $D_{sb}$ ); either input can be used as an active HIGH enable for data entry through the other input. Both inputs must be connected together or an unused input must be tied HIGH.

Data shifts one place to the right on each LOW-to-HIGH transition of the clock (CP) input and enters into  $Q_0$ , which is the logical AND of the two data inputs ( $D_{sa}$ ,  $D_{sb}$ ) that existed one set-up time prior to the rising clock edge.

A LOW on the master reset (MR) input overrides all other inputs and clears the register asynchronously, forcing all outputs LOW.

## QUICK REFERENCE DATA

GND = 0V;  $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ ;  $t_r = t_f \leq 2.5$  ns

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYPICAL	UNIT
$t_{PHL}/t_{PLH}$	Propagation delay CP to $Q_n$ MR to $Q_n$	$C_L = 15pF$ $V_{CC} = 3.3V$	12 12	ns
$f_{max}$	Maximum clock frequency		78	
$C_I$	Input capacitance		3.5	pF
$C_{PD}$	Power dissipation capacitance per gate	$V_{CC} = 3.3V$ Notes 1 and 2	40	pF

## NOTES:

1.  $C_{PD}$  is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $P_D$  in  $\mu W$ )  
 $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  where:  
 $f_i$  = input frequency in MHz;  $C_L$  = output load capacitance in pF;  
 $f_o$  = output frequency in MHz;  $V_{CC}$  = supply voltage in V;  
 $\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  = sum of the outputs.
2. The condition is  $V_I = GND$  to  $V_{CC}$

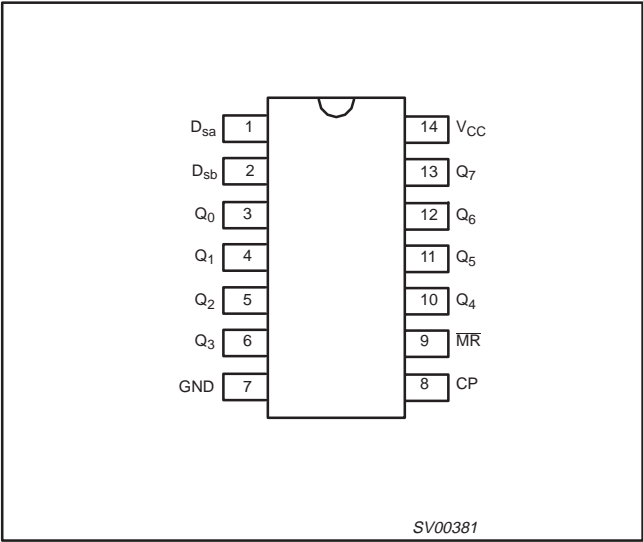
## ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	OUTSIDE NORTH AMERICA	NORTH AMERICA	PKG. DWG. #
14-Pin Plastic DIL	$-40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$	74LV164 N	74LV164 N	SOT27-1
14-Pin Plastic SO	$-40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$	74LV164 D	74LV164 D	SOT108-1
14-Pin Plastic SSOP Type II	$-40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$	74LV164 DB	74LV164 DB	SOT337-1
14-Pin Plastic TSSOP Type I	$-40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$	74LV164 PW	74LV164PW DH	SOT402-1

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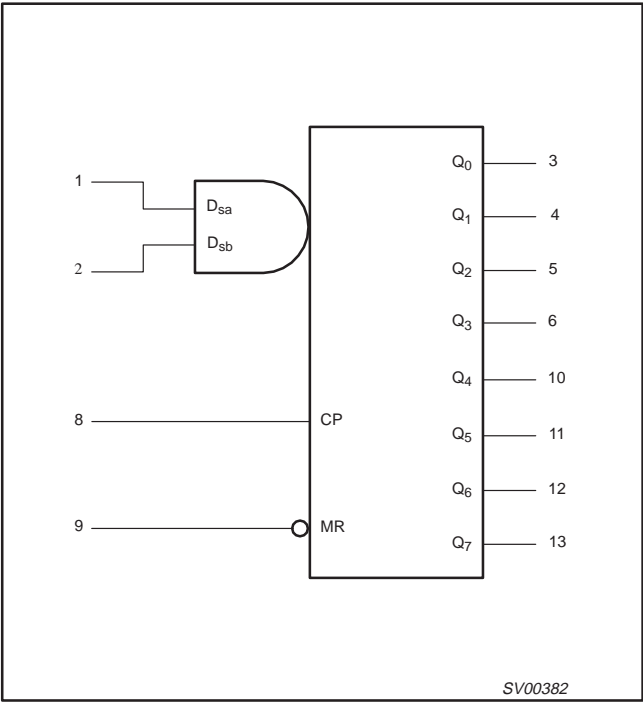
PIN CONFIGURATION



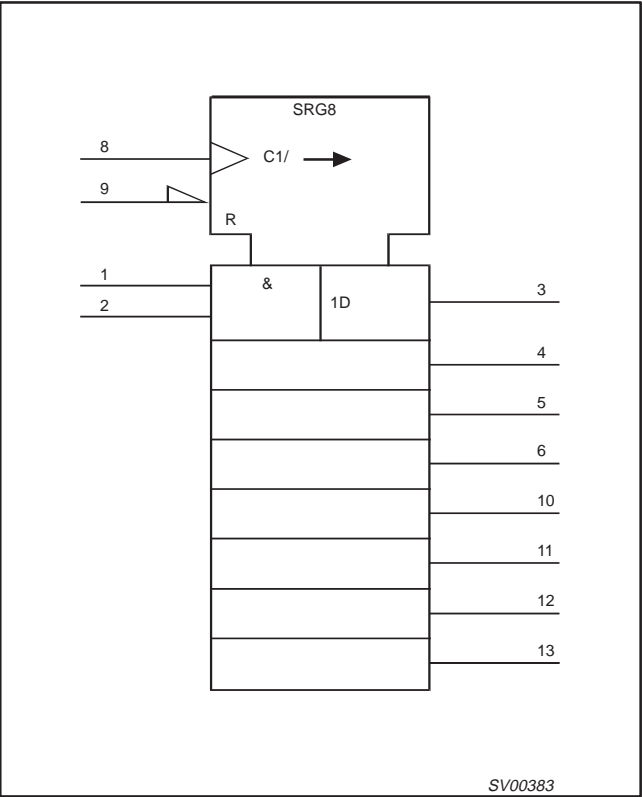
PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	FUNCTION
1,2	D <sub>sa</sub> , D <sub>sb</sub>	Data inputs
3, 4, 5, 6, 10, 11, 12, 13	Q <sub>0</sub> to Q <sub>7</sub>	Outputs
7	GND	Ground (0V)
8	CP	Clock input (LOW-to-HIGH, edge-triggered)
9	MR	Master reset input (active LOW)
14	V <sub>CC</sub>	Positive supply voltage

LOGIC SYMBOL



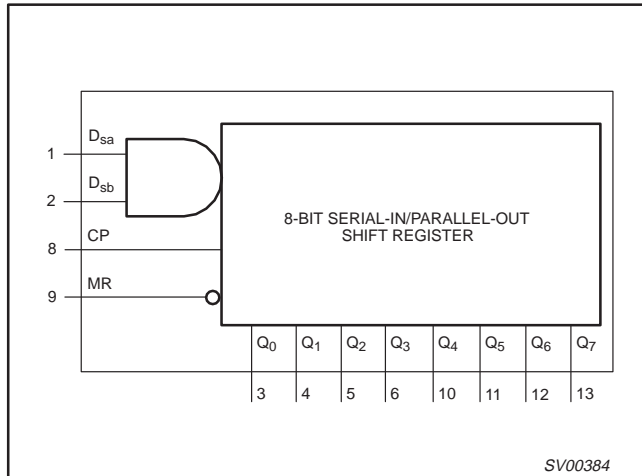
LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



## 8-bit serial-in/parallel-out shift register

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## FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



## FUNCTION TABLE

OPERATING MODES	INPUTS				OUTPUTS	
	MR	CP	D <sub>sa</sub>	D <sub>sb</sub>	Q <sub>0</sub>	Q <sub>1</sub> – Q <sub>7</sub>
Reset (clear)	L	X	x	x	L	L – L
Shift	H	↑	l	l	L	q <sub>0</sub> – q <sub>6</sub>
	H	↑	l	h	L	q <sub>0</sub> – q <sub>6</sub>
	H	↑	h	l	L	q <sub>0</sub> – q <sub>6</sub>
	H	↑	h	h	H	q <sub>0</sub> – q <sub>6</sub>

H = HIGH voltage level

h = HIGH voltage level one set-up time prior to the LOW-to-HIGH CP transition

L = LOW voltage level

l = LOW voltage level one set-up time prior to the LOW-to-HIGH CP transition

q = Lower case letter indicates the state of referenced input one set-up time prior to the LOW-to-HIGH CP transition

↑ = LOW-to-HIGH clock transition

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>1, 2</sup>

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134)

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0V)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	DC supply voltage		–0.5 to +7.0	V
±I <sub>IK</sub>	DC input diode current	V <sub>I</sub> < –0.5 or V <sub>I</sub> > V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5V	20	mA
±I <sub>OK</sub>	DC output diode current	V <sub>O</sub> < –0.5 or V <sub>O</sub> > V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5V	50	mA
±I <sub>O</sub>	DC output source or sink current – standard outputs	–0.5V < V <sub>O</sub> < V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5V	25	mA
±I <sub>GND</sub> , ±I <sub>CC</sub>	DC V <sub>CC</sub> or GND current for types with –standard outputs		50	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		–65 to +150	°C
P <sub>TOT</sub>	Power dissipation per package –plastic DIL –plastic mini-pack (SO) –plastic shrink mini-pack (SSOP and TSSOP)	for temperature range: –40 to +125°C above +70°C derate linearly with 12mW/K above +70°C derate linearly with 8 mW/K above +60°C derate linearly with 5.5 mW/K	750 500 400	mW

## NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	DC supply voltage	See Note 1	1.0	3.3	5.5	V
V <sub>I</sub>	Input voltage		0	–	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>O</sub>	Output voltage		0	–	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
T <sub>amb</sub>	Operating ambient temperature range in free air	See DC and AC characteristics	–40 –40		+85 +125	°C
t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	Input rise and fall times	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.0V to 2.0V V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0V to 2.7V V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V to 3.6V V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V to 5.5V	– – – –	– – – –	500 200 100 50	ns/V

## NOTES:

- The LV is guaranteed to function down to V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.0V (input levels GND or V<sub>CC</sub>); DC characteristics are guaranteed from V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.2V to V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V.

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**DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Over recommended operating conditions voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0V)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS					UNIT
			-40°C to +85°C			-40°C to +125°C		
			MIN	TYP <sup>1</sup>	MAX	MIN	MAX	
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH level Input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2V	0.9			0.9		V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0V	1.4			1.4		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 to 3.6V	2.0			2.0		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 to 5.5V	0.7*V <sub>CC</sub>			0.7*V <sub>CC</sub>		
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW level Input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2V			0.3		0.3	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0V			0.6		0.6	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 to 3.6V			0.8		0.8	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 to 5.5			0.3*V <sub>CC</sub>		0.3*V <sub>CC</sub>	
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH level output voltage; all outputs	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; -I <sub>O</sub> = 100μA		1.2				V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; -I <sub>O</sub> = 100μA	1.8	2.0		1.8		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; -I <sub>O</sub> = 100μA	2.5	2.7		2.5		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; -I <sub>O</sub> = 100μA	2.8	3.0		2.8		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; -I <sub>O</sub> = 100μA	4.3	4.5		4.3		
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH level output voltage; STANDARD outputs	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; -I <sub>O</sub> = 6mA	2.40	2.82		2.20		V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; -I <sub>O</sub> = 12mA	3.60	4.20		3.50		
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW level output voltage; all outputs	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 100μA		0				V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 100μA		0	0.2		0.2	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 100μA		0	0.2		0.2	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 100μA		0	0.2		0.2	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 100μA		0	0.2		0.2	
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW level output voltage; STANDARD outputs	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 6mA		0.25	0.40		0.50	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 12mA		0.35	0.55		0.65	
I <sub>I</sub>	Input leakage current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND			1.0		1.0	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	Quiescent supply current; MSI	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND; I <sub>O</sub> = 0			20.0		160	μA
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	Additional quiescent supply current per input	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V to 3.6V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> -0.6V			500		850	μA

**NOTES:**1. All typical values are measured at  $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ .

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## AC CHARACTERISTICS

GND = 0V;  $t_r = t_f \leq 2.5\text{ns}$ ;  $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ ;  $R_L = 1\text{k}\Omega$ 

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	CONDITION	LIMITS -40 to +85 °C			LIMITS -40 to +125 °C		UNIT
				V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	MIN	TYP <sup>1</sup>	MAX	MIN	MAX
$t_{\text{PHL}}/t_{\text{PLH}}$	Propagation delay CP to Q <sub>n</sub>	Figure 1	1.2	—	75	—	—	—	ns
			2.0	—	26	39	—	49	
			2.7	—	19	29	—	36	
			3.0 to 3.6	—	14 <sup>2</sup>	23	—	29	
			4.5 to 5.5	—	12 <sup>2</sup>	19	—	24	
$t_{\text{PHL}}$	Propagation delay MR to Q <sub>n</sub>	Figure 2	1.2	—	75	—	—	—	ns
			2.0	—	26	39	—	49	
			2.7	—	19	29	—	36	
			3.0 to 3.6	—	14 <sup>2</sup>	23	—	29	
			4.5 to 5.5	—	12 <sup>2</sup>	19	—	24	
$t_{\text{W}}$	Clock pulse width HIGH to LOW	Figure 1	2.0	34	9	—	41	—	ns
			2.7	25	6	—	30	—	
			3.0 to 3.6	20	5 <sup>2</sup>	—	24	—	
			4.5 to 5.5	13	4 <sup>2</sup>	—	16	—	
$t_{\text{W}}$	Master reset pulse width; LOW	Figure 2	2.0	34	10	—	41	—	ns
			2.7	25	8	—	30	—	
			3.0 to 3.6	20	6 <sup>2</sup>	—	24	—	
			4.5 to 5.5	13	5 <sup>2</sup>	—	16	—	
$t_{\text{rem}}$	Removal time MR to CP	Figure 2	1.2	—	30	—	—	—	ns
			2.0	19	10	—	24	—	
			2.7	14	8	—	18	—	
			3.0 to 3.6	11	6 <sup>2</sup>	—	14	—	
			4.5 to 5.5	8	5 <sup>2</sup>	—	10	—	
$t_{\text{su}}$	Set-up time D <sub>sa</sub> , D <sub>sb</sub> to CP	Figure 3	1.2	—	15	—	—	—	ns
			2.0	22	5	—	26	—	
			2.7	16	4	—	19	—	
			3.0 to 3.6	13	3 <sup>2</sup>	—	15	—	
			4.5 to 5.5	9	2 <sup>2</sup>	—	10	—	
$t_{\text{h}}$	Hold time D <sub>sa</sub> , D <sub>sb</sub> to CP	Figure 3	1.2	—	-10	—	—	—	ns
			2.0	5	-3	—	5	—	
			2.7	5	-2	—	5	—	
			3.0 to 3.6	5	-2 <sup>2</sup>	—	5	—	
			4.5 to 5.5	5	-1 <sup>2</sup>	—	5	—	
$f_{\text{max}}$	Maximum clock pulse frequency	Figure 1	2.0	14	40	—	12	—	MHz
			2.7	19	58	—	16	—	
			3.0 to 3.6	24	70 <sup>2</sup>	—	20	—	
			4.5 to 5.5	36	100 <sup>2</sup>	—	30	—	

## NOTE:

1. Unless otherwise stated, all typical values are at  $T_{\text{amb}} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .
2. Typical value measured at  $V_{\text{CC}} = 3.3\text{V}$ .
3. Typical value measured at  $V_{\text{CC}} = 5.0\text{V}$ .

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AC WAVEFORMS

$V_M = 1.5V$  at  $V_{CC} \geq 2.7V \leq 3.6V$   
 $V_M = 0.5V * V_{CC}$  at  $V_{CC} < 2.7V$  and  $\geq 4.5V$   
 $V_{OL}$  and  $V_{OH}$  are the typical output voltage drop that occur with the output load.

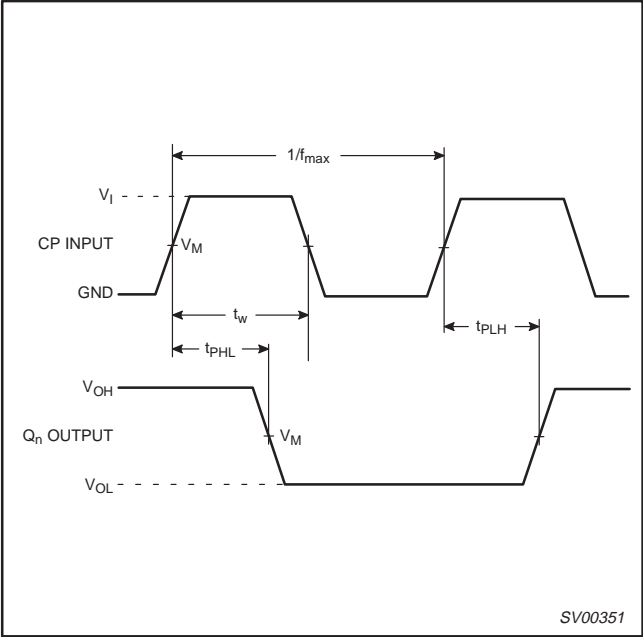


Figure 1. The clock (CP) to output (Q<sub>n</sub>) propagation delays, the clock pulse width, the output transition times and the maximum clock pulse frequency

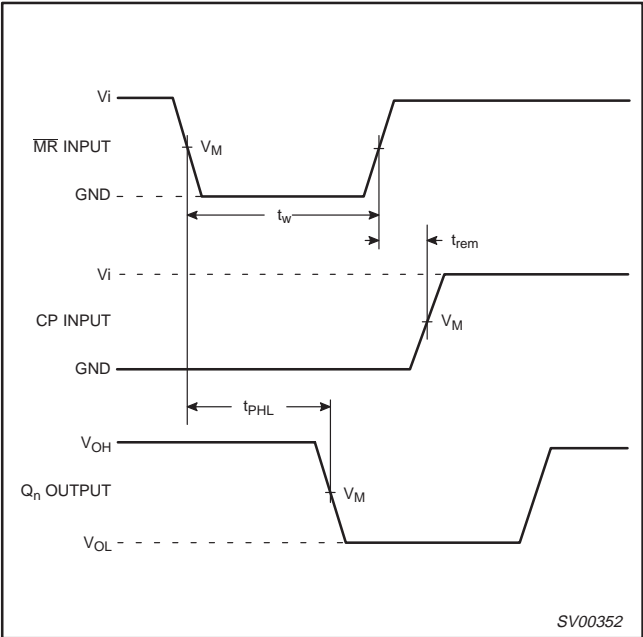


Figure 2. The master reset ( $\overline{MR}$ ) pulse width, the master reset to output (Q<sub>n</sub>) propagation delay and the master reset to clock (CP) removal time

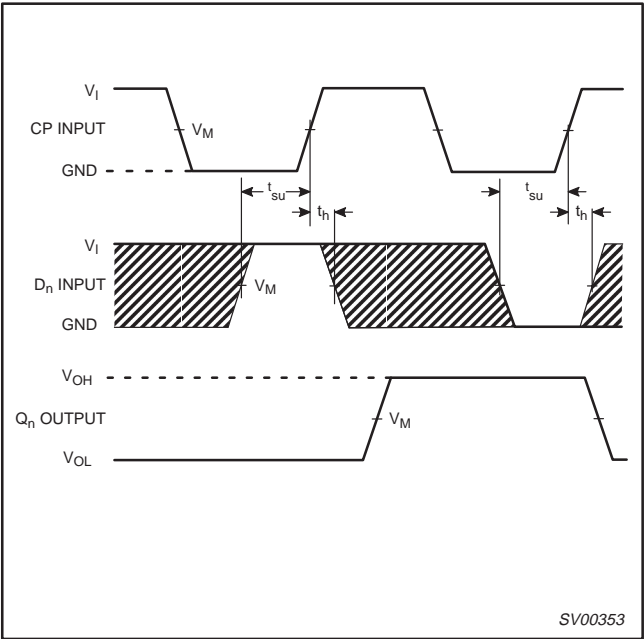


Figure 3. Data set-up and hold times for the D<sub>n</sub> inputs

**NOTE:**  
The shaded areas indicate when the input is permitted to change for predictable output performance.

TEST CIRCUIT

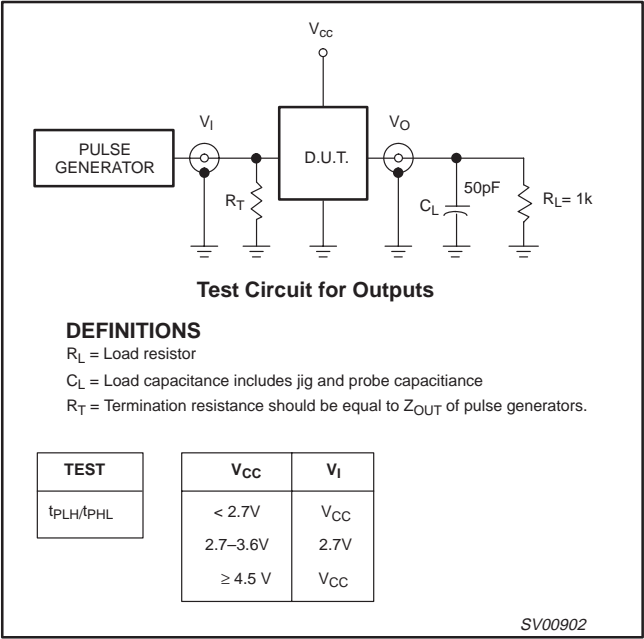


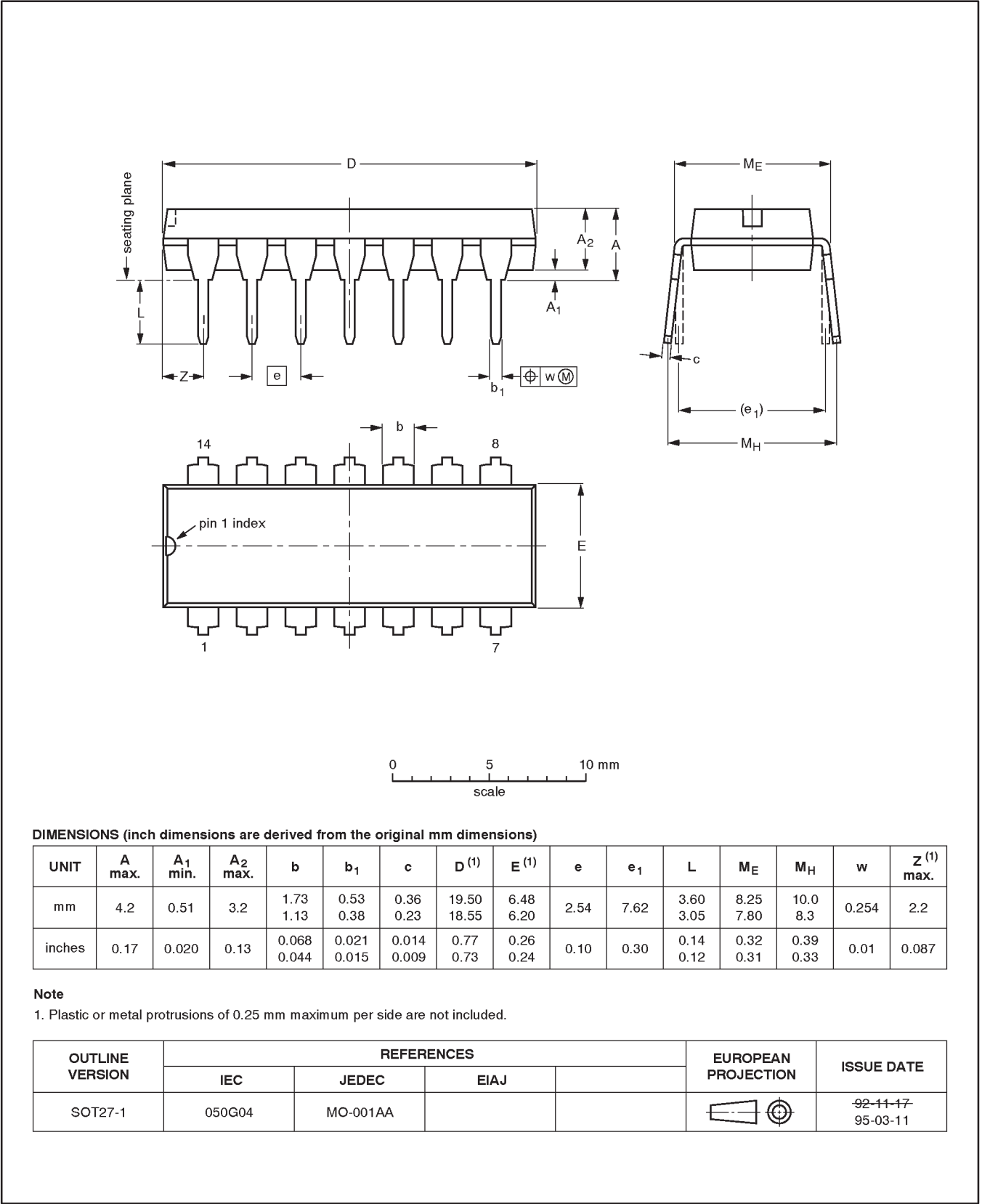
Figure 4. Load circuitry for switching times

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DIP14: plastic dual in-line package; 14 leads (300 mil)

SOT27-1



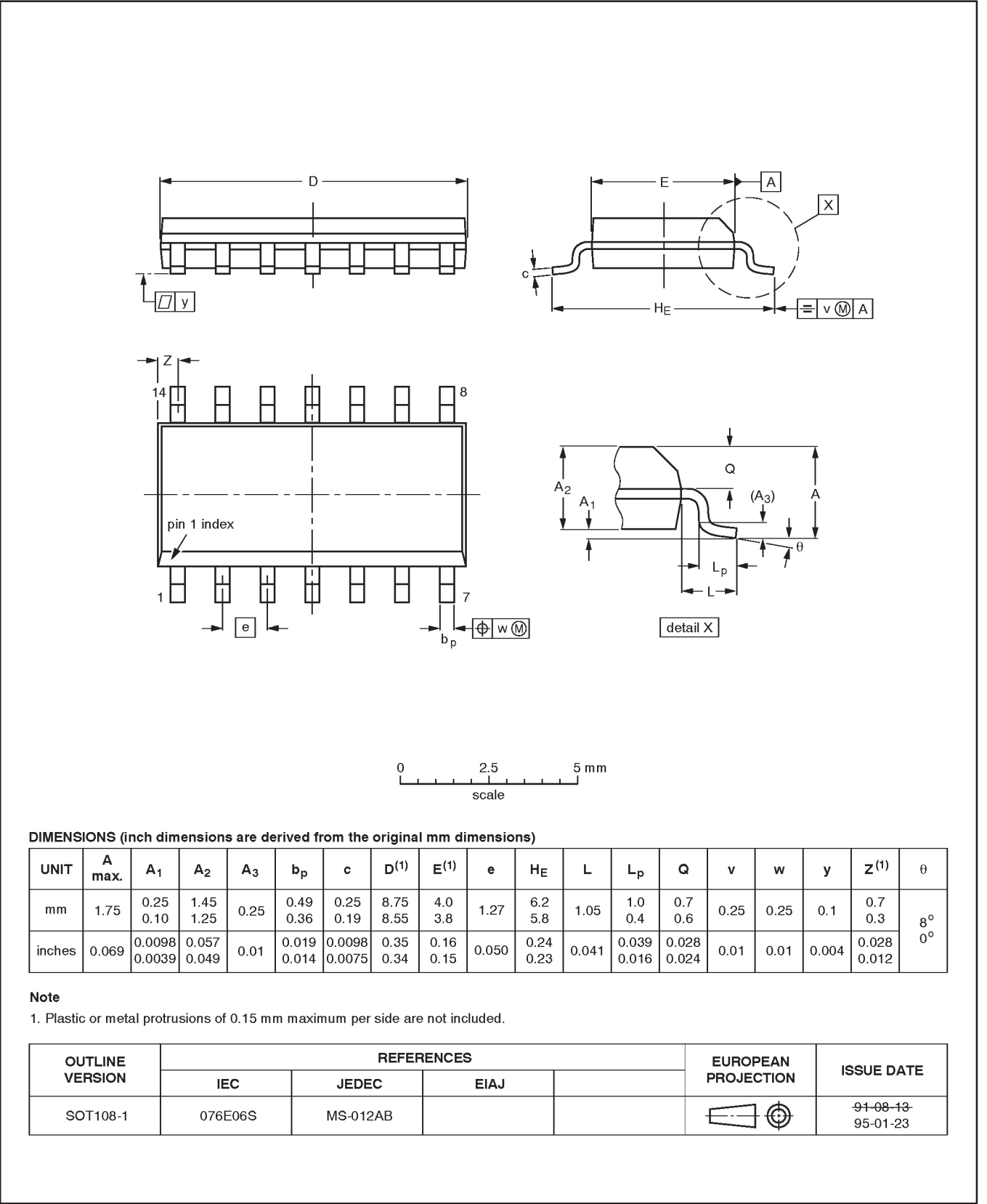


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SO14: plastic small outline package; 14 leads; body width 3.9 mm

SOT108-1

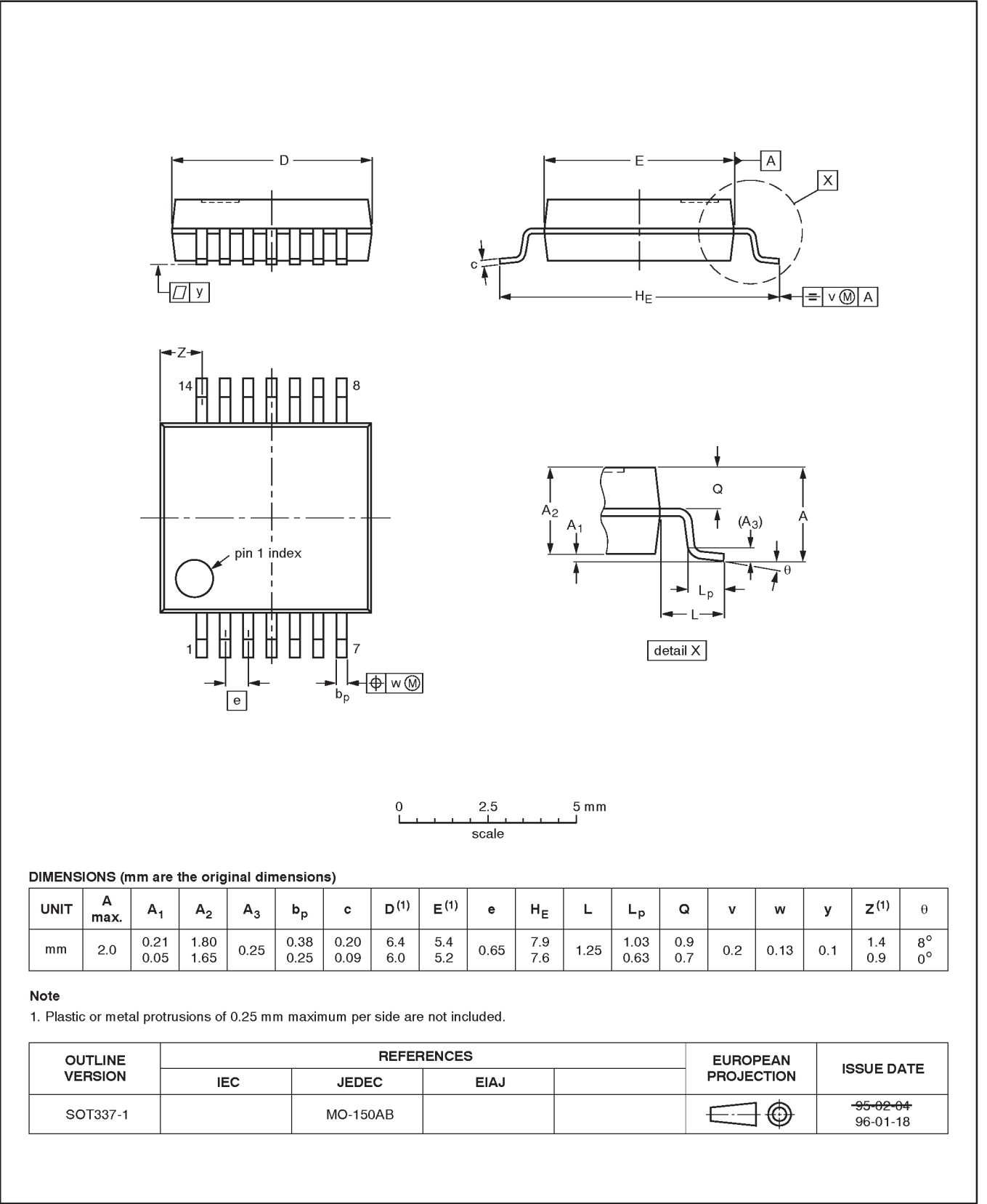


8-bit serial-in/parallel-out shift register

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SSOP14: plastic shrink small outline package; 14 leads; body width 5.3 mm

SOT337-1

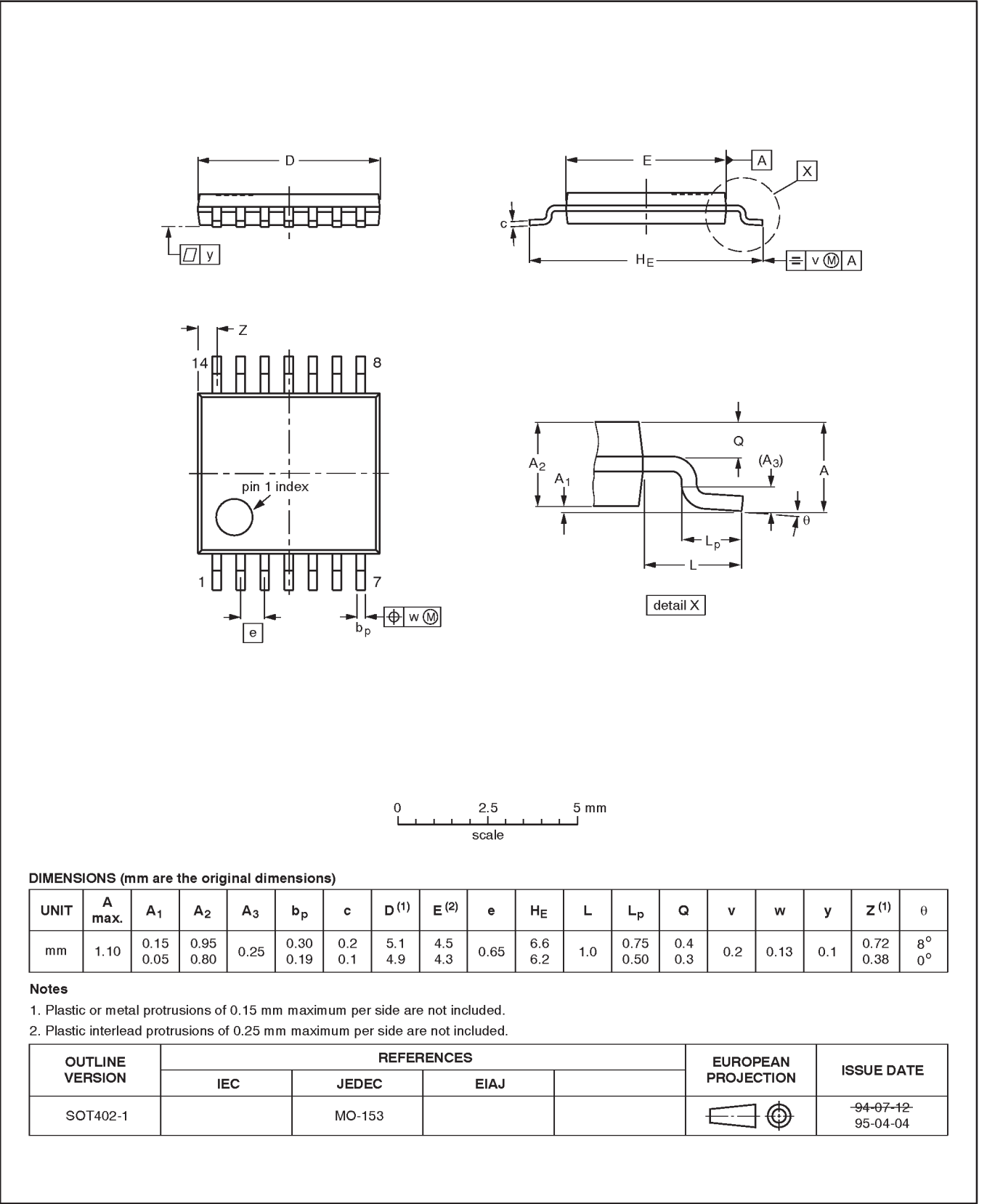


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TSSOP14: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 14 leads; body width 4.4 mm

SOT402-1



8-bit serial-in/parallel-out shift register

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DEFINITIONS		
Data Sheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Objective Specification	Formative or in Design	This data sheet contains the design target or goal specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
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